2015–2016 Operational Plan

PLANNING FOR OUR PEOPLE OUR PLACE OUR FUTURE



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Introduction

The operational plan is developed to identify the operational activities that, when implemented, will achieve the longer term plans set out in the delivery program and community strategic plan.

The delivery program is a statement of how Council aims to achieve the outcomes developed by the community in the community strategic plan, *Cessnock 2023.* The outcomes will be achieved by implementing relevant actions, ensuring adequate resources, monitoring progress, advocating on behalf of the community, building partnerships and ensuring accountability in everything Council does.

The delivery program is adopted for a four year period to coincide with the term of an elected council. At the end of the Council term its progress is reviewed and reported to the community in the end-of-term report. The 2013-17 Delivery Program has five desired outcomes as identified in the community strategic plan, *Cessnock 2023*.

They are:

- a connected, safe and creative community
- a sustainable and prosperous economy
- a sustainable and healthy environment
- accessible infrastructure, services and facilities
- civic leadership and effective governance.

It is with pleasure that I present the 2015-16 Operational Plan to our community.

Council has an important role as custodian of the community's assets and it is imperative that we carefully consider the longterm and cumulative impacts of decisions that we make today.

Council is particularly focused on the prudent and responsible management of its funds in an effort to become "fit for the future" in line with the reform agenda for local government.

Council has adopted a Financial Sustainability Initiative to ensure that it is in a position to generate sufficient funds to provide the levels of service and infrastructure agreed with our community and positively contribute to the realisation of our community's vision. In addition, Council's governance framework has been strengthened by the Audit Committee comprising highly-qualified, independent members who provide specialist oversight of Council's systems and processes.

As demonstrated by the actions identified in this document, Council continues to work towards the desired outcomes in the community strategic plan, *Cessnock 2023*.

I invite you to join me in delivering the 2015-16 Operational Plan to make our community's vision for the City a reality.

Councillor Bob Pynsent Mayor of the City of Cessnock

Message from the Mayor



The City of Cessnock local government area

LOCATION

Cessnock City is located in the Hunter Valley, New South Wales, about 120 kilometres north of Sydney and 40 kilometres west of Newcastle.

The local government area is bounded by Maitland City in the north; the Cities of Newcastle and Lake Macquarie in the east, Wyong Shire and the Cities of Gosford and Hawkesbury in the south; and the Singleton Council area in the west.



AT A GLANCE

The population of the local government area was 54,313 at 30 June 2013, with a population density of 0.28 people per hectare.

In the local government area, 14% of households earn \$2,500 or more per week.

Only 8% of the dwellings are medium or high density, compared to 16% in regional NSW.

Almost 20% of our population is aged between 35 and 49 with 12.3% aged 25 to 34 and 13.4% aged 50 to 59. Just over 11% are aged 60 to 69 years.

HISTORY

Cessnock is named after Cessnock Castle in Ayrshire, Scotland.

The local government area is largely made up of the traditional lands of the Wonnarua people. European settlement dates from the 1820s when pastoralists arrived using land mainly for farming, market gardening and timber getting.

The Great North Road was constructed in the 1830s, linking the Hawkesbury and Hunter Valleys. Wollombi was the centre of the area till the late 1800s. The township of Branxton emerged from 1848, spurred by its accessibility to water, rich agricultural land and its location as a road junction. The three largest ancestry groups in 2011 in the local government area are Australian, English and Scottish. Over 64% live and work in the local government area with 35% of working residents travelling out of the area for work.

Only 1% of the working population use public transport to get to work.

12.4% of those employed work in manufacturing, 11.5% in retail trade, 11% in health care and social assistance, 10.2% in mining, and 10% in accommodation and food services.

The township of Cessnock developed from 1850 as a service centre at the junction of the Great North Road. There was some growth in the 1850s and 1860s with wheat, tobacco and grapes being grown, especially around Cessnock, Nulkaba and Pokolbin.

Significant development in Cessnock occurred when coal was struck in 1892 and several coal mines were established.

By 1926 the Cessnock local government area had a population of 12,000 increasing to 18,000 by the 1940s. Up to the 1960s mining was the principal industrial base and source of employment in the Cessnock area. I am looking forward to 2015-16 and the challenges that it presents not only for our organisation but for the local government industry in general. This Operational Plan will ensure Council stays on track to deliver the services and infrastructure that are important to our community.

Cessnock City Council boasts excellent staff who are committed to achieving the best outcomes for the community. I am particularly proud that our organisation has pre-empted the

Fit for the Future reforms with the endorsement, in July 2014, of an innovative Financial Sustainability Initiative. This initiative comprises a number of projects to reduce costs, increase revenues and improve value-for-money.

There are exciting times ahead for the City, but we do face challenges especially in ensuring that we are a financially sustainable organisation that is able to positively contribute to the realisation of our community's vision. In 2015-16 Cessnock City Council will continue to work with other councils across the Hunter region to ensure that Cessnock has a voice on the important strategic issues that will impact on the future of our area.

We are fortunate that the people of Cessnock have strong community drive and spirit and with their support along with collaboration with other levels of government, Council is determined to continue delivering the community's aspirations.

We will continue to build on the work we have already undertaken that will position us well for the challenges that lie ahead, and I am confident that as an organisation we can meet these challenges.

Stephen Glen General Manager

General Manager's message



The integrated planning and reporting framework

COMMUNITY STRATEGIC PLAN

The community strategic plan is the highest level plan that a council will prepare. Its purpose is to identify the community's main priorities and aspirations for the future and to identify strategies for achieving these goals.

In doing this, the planning process will consider the issues and pressures that may affect the community and the level of resources that will realistically be available to achieve its aims and aspirations.

While a council has a custodial role in initiating, preparing and maintaining the community strategic plan on behalf of the local government area, it is not wholly responsible for its implementation. Other partners, such as State agencies and community groups may also be engaged in delivering the long-term outcomes.

DELIVERY PROGRAM AND OPERATIONAL PLAN

In these documents the community's strategic directions are systematically translated into actions. These are the principal activities to be undertaken by the council to implement the strategic directions established by the community strategic plan within the resources available under the resourcing strategy.

The delivery program is a statement of council's commitment to the community and is the single point of reference for all principal activities undertaken by the elected council during its term of office. All plans, projects, activities and funding allocations must be directly linked to this Program.

Supporting the delivery program is an annual operational plan. It spells out the details of the program: the individual projects and activities that will be undertaken each year to achieve the commitments made in the delivery program.



The integrated planning and reporting framework

RESOURCING STRATEGY

The community strategic plan provides a vehicle for expressing long-term community aspirations. However, these will not be achieved without sufficient resources (time, money, assets and people) to actually carry them out.

The resourcing strategy consists of three components:

- workforce planning
- asset management planning
- long term financial planning.

The resourcing strategy identifies who is responsible for addressing the issues identified in the community strategic plan. Some issues will clearly be the responsibility of the council, some will be the responsibility of other levels of government and some will rely on input from community groups or individuals. The resourcing strategy focuses in detail on matters that are the responsibility of the council.

ANNUAL REPORT

The annual report is one of the key points of accountability between a council and its community.

The annual report focuses on the council's implementation of the delivery program and operational plan (because these are the plans that are wholly the council's responsibility).

The report also includes some information that is prescribed by the *Local Government (General) Regulation 2005.* This information is required by the Regulation because the government believes that it will assist community members better understand how the council has been performing: both as a business entity and a community leader.

COMMUNITY CONSULTATION

Community consultation is an important part of the integrated planning and reporting framework. Extensive consultation was undertaken in 2010 to develop the original community strategic plan. Council then went back to the community in 2013 to confirm that the documented outcomes and objectives were still relevant.

In addition, Council has undertaken biennial community research with a representative sample of 400 residents to monitor perceptions of the progress against the desired outcomes in the community strategic plan and satisfaction with the services offered by Council.

More recently, Council has consulted with the community to determine what is meant by a "satisfactory standard" with regards to the condition of infrastructure assets. The community has determined that, at this stage of Council's asset management maturity, Council should aim for all assets to be in an "average" condition.

FIT FOR THE FUTURE

In September 2014 the NSW Government announced the *Fit for the Future* reform package, its response to the Independent Local Government's Review Panel's final report on NSW Local Government Reform. The *Fit for the Future* reform package includes proposals for councils across NSW to strengthen efficiency, performance and move towards a more sustainable position.

As part of the *Fit for the Future* reform package Council has benchmarked itself against seven criteria to assess its sustainability, efficiency, effectiveness, scale and capacity.

While Council is reasonably wellplaced to be deemed a "fit for the future" organisation, there is still work that needs to be done to achieve greater efficiencies across the organisation and provide the best value-for-money for our community.

The *Fit for the Future* reform package recommends the establishment of a system of regional Joint Organisations across the State to provide a platform for local councils to work together to reduce duplication of effort, maximise efficiencies, and collaborate with the State to achieve regional outcomes.

Hunter Councils (of which Cessnock City Council is a part) has been announced as one of five pilot Joint Organisations. KURRI KURRI PUBLIC SCHOOL Learning and Caring Established 1904

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A connected, safe and creative comunity

COMMUNITY'S DESIRED OUTCOME:

A connected, safe and creative community

This desired outcome relates to community wellbeing, connectedness and safety. During the initial community engagement program in 2010 participants expressed the desire for a healthy, active, engaged and cohesive community that maintained its unique local identity and friendliness into the future.

Council will undertake the following principal activities to achieve the objectives established in the community strategic plan, Cessnock 2023.

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|---|---|---|--|
| C | C | | |
| c | | V | |

Community and cultural activities

- Community planning
- Events
- Libraries
- Youth services
 - Cessnock Performing Arts Centre

Community health and safety

- Animal management
 - Building compliance and safety
- Parking enforcement
- Public health inspections
- Regulation enforcement programs
- Road Safety programs and facilities
 - Emergency management

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Community assets

- Community halls and centres
- Early childhood facilities
- Cycleways

OBJECTIVE 1.1:

Promoting social connections

STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS

- Our community is aware of and has access to community services.
- We are connected to others in our neighbourhood and across the local government area.
- Our community has opportunities to celebrate together.
- Our communities are linked by walking and bike tracks.

| 1.1.1 | Promote the range of community services accross the local government area. |
|-------|--|
| 1.1.2 | Engage with the indigenous community. |
| 1.1.3 | Develop a program and commence implementation to increase social connections |
| | across the Local Government Area. |
| 1.1.4 | Commence implementation of the Cessnock City Bicycle Plan. |

| OPERATI | ONAL PLAN 2015-16 | RESPONSIBILITY |
|---------|--|---------------------------------------|
| 1.1.1 | Promote the range of community services across the local government area. | |
| 1.1.2 | Engage with the indigenous community. | |
| 1.1.2.a | Organise and deliver a range of NAIDOC Week events. | Community & Cultural Engagement |
| 1.1.2.b | Implement the actions from the Reconciliation Action Plan. | Community & Cultural Engagement |
| 1.1.3 | Develop a program and commence implementation to increase social connections across the Local Government Area. | |
| 1.1.3.a | Organise and deliver a range of Seniors' Week events. | Community & Cultural Engagement |
| 1.1.3.b | Organise and deliver a range of Youth Week events. | Community & Cultural Engagement |
| 1.1.3.c | Organise other civic events such as Australia Day, Carols in the Park and Citizenship Ceremonies. | Mayor's Office |
| 1.1.3.d | Support the Kurri Kurri Nostalgia Festival. | Economic Development |
| 1.1.3.e | Commence development of the Pedestrian and Access Mobility Plan. | Strategic Asset Planning |
| 1.1.4 | Commence implementation of the Cessnock City Bicycle Plan. | |
| 1.1.4.a | Identify the priority projects from the Cessnock City Cycling Strategy. | Recreation Services |

OBJECTIVE 1.2:

Strengthening community culture

STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS

- Our residents show pride in our local government area.
- Our community organisations have opportunities to work together to develop and deliver services.
- Our facilities are utilised by community groups.

| 1.2.1 | Collaborate with the community to develop and deliver services. | |
|-------|--|--|
| 1.2.2 | Develop a strategic plan for social welfare and community facilities needs across the local government area. | |
| 1.2.3 | Support groups to manage and improve community and sporting facilites. | |
| 1.2.4 | Commence implementation of the priority projects from the CYCOS Business Plan. | |

| OPERAT | RESPONSIBILITY | |
|---------|--|---|
| 1.2.1 | Collaborate with the community to develop and deliver services. | |
| 1.2.2 | Develop a strategic plan for social welfare and community facilities needs across the local government area. | |
| 1.2.3 | Support groups to manage and improve community and sporting facilites. | |
| 1.2.3.a | Continue to support community, cultural and sporting facilities and projects with \$ for \$ grants. | Community & Cultural Engagement Recreation Services Environment & Waste |
| 1.2.4 | Commence implementation of the priority projects from the CYCOS Business Plan. | |

OBJECTIVE 1.3:

Promoting safe communities

STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS

- Our residents and visitors feel safe in the Cessnock local government area.
- Our CBD areas are safe at night.
- Our roads are safe for motorists and pedestrians.

DELIVERY PROGRAM 2013-17

| 1.3.1 | Participate in collaborative partnerships to prevent crime. | |
|-------|---|--|
| 1.3.2 | Carry our regulatory and education programs to protect residential amenity and community health and | |
| | safety. | |
| 1.3.3 | Commence implementation of priority projects from the Road Safety Strategy. | |

| OPERATIO | RESPONSIBILITY | |
|----------|---|--|
| 1.3.1 | Participate in collaborative partnerships to prevent crime. | |
| 1.3.2 | Carry our regulatory and education programs to protect residential amenity and community health and safety. | |
| 1.3.3 | Commence implementation of priority projects from the Road Safety Strategy. | |

OBJECTIVE 1.4:

Fostering an articulate and creative community

STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS

- We have thriving cultural precincts throughout the local government area that celebrate our heritage and culture.
- We have a diverse program of cultural and heritage activities.

| DELIVERY PROGRAM 2013-17 | | | | |
|--------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| 1.4.1 | Continue implementation of the priority projects from the Cessnock Performing Arts Centre business plan. | | | |
| 1.4.2 | Commence implementation of the priority projects from the Library Strategic Plan. | | | |
| 1.4.3 | Promote and participate in a range of cultural and heritage activities across the local government area. | | | |

| | OPERATIO | RESPONSIBILITY | |
|---|----------|--|------------------------------------|
| | 1.4.1 | Continue implementation of the priority projects from the Cessnock Performing Arts Centre business plan. | |
| 1 | 1.4.1.a | Review and update the CPAC business plan. | Performing Arts Centre |
| | 1.4.2 | Commence implementation of the priority projects from the Library Strategic Plan. | |
| | 1.4.2.a | Commence implementation of priority projects from the Library Strategic Plan. | Community & Cultural Engagement |
| | 1.4.3 | Promote and participate in a range of cultural and heritage activities across the local government area. | |

MEASURES:

| MEASURES | CONTEXT/BENCHMARK | BASE | 2013-14 RESULT | TARGET |
|---|---|------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| Km of Cycleways in the LGA | This is a measure of the bitumen and concrete off-road linkages within and between the towns and villages of the local government area. | 13.6 km 2012 | N/A | Increase |
| | At 30 June 2012, there was 13.6 km of sealed off-road cycleways in the local government area. | | | |
| Engagement with young people | This measure is the number of young people attending and participating in structured programs and drop-in services with CYCOS each year. | 8,708 2010-11 | 7,471 2013-14 | >8,700 p.a. |
| | This is a measure of the effectiveness of Council's provision of services to young people. | | | |
| | This measure was 8,708 in 2010-11. | | | |
| Completion of programmed health | This measure is the number of registered premises at 1 July: and the number of public health inspections carried out divided by the programmed public health inspections during a year. | 658 | 662 | N/A |
| & safety inspections | Public health inspections include food shop inspections, hairdressing shop inspections, public swimming pool inspections etc. This is a measure of Council's contribution to the health of the community. | 100% 2011-12 | 100% 2013-14 | 100% |
| | In 2011-12 there were 658 premises and 100% of programmed inspections were carried out. | | | |
| Completion of water cooling system inspections | This measure is the number of registered premises at 1 July: and the number of water cooling towers inspected for legionnaires' disease divided by the programmed number of water cooling tower inspections during a year. | 51 100% | 35 100% | N/A 100% |
| | This is a measure of Council's contribution to the health of the community. | 2011-12 | 2013-14 | 10070 |
| | In 2011-12 there were 51 premises and 100% of programmed inspections were carried out. | | | |
| Library Utilisation | These measures are the number of visits to Council's libraries plus the number of hits on the library page of Council's website. | 206,485 visits | 201,459 visits | > 235,000 p.a. |
| | This data is sourced from the counters at the entrances to the libraries and from Council's internal website analysis. | 2011-12 | 48,085 hits | Combined |
| | This is a measure of the community's utilisation of Council's library resources for the purpose of both recreation and education. | 25,814 hits 2011-12 | 249,544 combined 2013-14 | |
| Cessnock Performing | This measure is the number audience members that have attended performances at the Cessnock Performing Arts Centre in a calendar | 16,873 2012 | 11,835 2013 | 18,500 p.a. |
| Arts Centre | year. This measure is sourced from the control's ticksting system | 2012 | 2013 | |
| Audience | This measure is sourced from the centre's ticketing system. This is a measure of the community's exposure to community events and cultural experiences at the centre. | | | |

INTEGRATED PLANS AND STRATEGIC STUDIES

- Cessnock City Cycle Strategy and Action Plan, Cessnock City Council (under development)
- Cessnock Performing Arts Centre Business Plan, Cessnock City Council 2011
- CYCOS Business Plan, Cessnock City Council
- Library Strategic Plan, Cessnock City Council
- Places, Spaces and Faces: Social & Cultural Plan 2009-2014, Cessnock City Council 2009
- Recreation & Open Space Strategic Plan 2009-2014, Cessnock City Council 2009

A sustainable and prosperous economy

COMMUNITY'S DESIRED OUTCOME:

A sustainable and prosperous economy

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This desired outcome identifies the need to attract a diverse range of businesses, industries and services together with improved access to education, training and employment opportunities to ensure we have a sustainable and prosperous economy in Cessnock in 2023.

Council will undertake the following principal activities to achieve the objectives established in the community strategic plan, Cessnock 2023.

| Economic | deve | lopment |
|----------|------|---------|
| Leononne | acve | opinent |

- Supporting business growth and investment
- Strategic infrastructure
- Economic governance
- Securing grants

Education

- Scholarships and academic competitions
- Building workforce capability
- Strategic land use planning
 - Industrial land

Diversifying local business options

STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS

- Our local government area is attractive to and supportive of businesses.
- We have a diversity of businesses and industries across the local government area.
- Our planning controls provide for adequate industrial and commercial lands.

| 2.1.1 | Continue to update marketing material for the local government area. | |
|-------|--|--|
| 2.1.2 | Support local business support agencies. | |
| 2.1.3 | Commence implementation of the Economic Development Strategy. | |
| 2.1.4 | Commence implementation of the Cessnock CBD Masterplan. | |
| 2.1.5 | Prepare a Kurri Kurri CBD Masterplan. | |

| OPERATIONAL PLAN 2015-16 | | RESPONSIBILITY |
|--------------------------|---|--------------------------------|
| 2.1.1 | Continue to update marketing material for the local government area. | |
| 2.1.2 | Support local business support agencies. | |
| 2.1.2.a | Support the "mainstreet" programs for Cessnock and Kurri Kurri. | Economic Development |
| 2.1.3 | Commence implementation of the Economic Development Strategy. | |
| 2.1.3.a | Implement the Business Investment Program. | Economic Development |
| 2.1.4 | Commence implementation of the Cessnock CBD Masterplan. | |
| 2.1.4.a | Complete the development strategy for Cessnock CBD (including draft development control plan and draft contributions plan). | Strategic Land Use Planning |
| 2.1.5 | Prepare a Kurri Kurri CBD Masterplan. | |
| 2.1.5.a | Continue development of the Kurri Kurri CBD Masterplan. | Strategic Land Use Planning |



OBJECTIVE 2.2:

Achieving more sustainable employment opportunities

STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS

- We have learning opportunities for people of all ages.
- We have employment opportunities in the local government area.

DELIVERY PROGRAM 2013-17

- **2.2.1** Support programs that promote education and training for local people.
- 2.2.2 Support programs that promote employment for local people.

| OPERATIONAL PLAN 2015-16 | | RESPONSIBILITY | |
|--------------------------|---|----------------------|--|
| 2.2.1 | Support programs that promote education and training for local people. | | |
| 2.2.1.a | Continue to award scholarships for academic, professional and trade excellence. | Mayor's Office | |
| 2.2.2 | Support programs that promote employment for local people. | | |
| 2.2.2.a | Implement programs from the Economic Development Strategy that support employment in the local government area (within existing resources). | Economic Development | |

OBJECTIVE 2.3:

Increasing tourism opportunities and visitation in the area

STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS

- We have a range of diverse visitor experiences across the entire local government area.
- Our Local Government Area is attractive to visitors.

DELIVERY PROGRAM 2013-17

2.3.1 Support programs that promote visitation across the local government area.

2.3.2 Support programs that promote a diversification of visitor experiences.

| OPERATIO | RESPONSIBILITY | | |
|----------|--|------------------------------------|--|
| 2.3.1 | Support programs that promote visitation across the local government area. | Economic Development | |
| 2.3.1.a | Implement the Hunter Valley Visitor Centre Strategy and Action Plans. | | |
| 2.3.2 | Support programs that promote a diversification of visitor experiences. | | |
| 2.3.2.a | Complete the preliminary phase of the strategic review of the Richmond Vale Railway Museum Precinct. | Community & Cultural Engagement | |
| 2.3.2.b | Continue implementation of relevant projects from the Destination Management Plan (within existing resources). | Economic Development | |

MEASURES:

| MEASURES | CONTEXT/BENCHMARK | BASE | 2013-14 RESULT | TARGET |
|---|---|------------------------------|--|----------|
| Grants secured for the community | These three measures are: the number of grants applied for; and the number and value of grants and sponsorships that were secured for the community with assistance by Council. | 94 Applied for 2012 | 110 | Maintain |
| | This is a measure of Council's contribution to economic and community capacity building – by gaining funding for projects and services within the local government area. | 46 Secured 2012 | 70 | Improve |
| | For the period January 2012 to February 2013, 46 grants and sponsorships totalling \$2,318,041.04 were secured, with Council assistance, for the community. | \$2.3m Secured 2012 | \$1.5m (for 16 months from March 2013 to June 2014) | Improve |

INTEGRATED PLANS AND STRATEGIC STUDIES

- Cessnock CBD Masterplan, Cessnock City Council 2012
- Cessnock CBD Parking & Traffic Study 2006
- Destination Management Plan Tourism Hunter
- Destination Management Plan Cessnock & Singleton LGAs
- Economic Development Strategy, Cessnock City Council
- Sustainable Cessnock CBD Business and Marketing Plan, Cessnock Chamber of Commerce and Cessnock City
 Council 2009



A sustainable and healthy environment

COMMUNITY'S DESIRED OUTCOME:

A sustainable and healthy environment

This desired outcome focuses on the conservation and preservation of the natural environment whilst balancing the impact of development to ensure a sustainable and healthy community.

Council will undertake the following principal activities to achieve the objectives established in the community strategic plan, Cessnock 2023.



Strategic land use planning

- Assess planning proposals
- Development contributions planning
- Heritage
- Planning policy
 - Strategic land use planning
- Development Assessment

Health

- Environmental pollution monitoring and enforcement
 - On-site sewage management system inspections

Recreation

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- Aquatic facilities
- Recreation facilities and management
- Weed management



- Strategic asset planning
 - Develop and review plans of management
- Natural Environmental Planning
 - Biodiversity management

Environment & Waste

- Kerbside waste and recycling service
- Waste management facility



OBJECTIVE 3.1:

Protecting and enhancing the natural environment and the rural character of the area

STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS

- Our planning controls provide protection to the rural character and heritage of the area.
- Our community is aware of the value of natural resources and biodiversity.
- Our environmental amenity is protected and enhanced.
- Our waterways and catchments are maintained and enhanced.

| 3.1.1 | Prepare a City Wide Development Strategy. |
|-------|---|
| 3.1.2 | Commence implementation of the Biodiversity Strategy. |
| 3.1.3 | Complete further Flood Studies and Risk Management Plans for major catchments in the Local Government Area. |
| 3.1.4 | Commence Implementation of Council's Trunk Stormwater Drainage Strategy. |
| 3.1.5 | Carry out regulatory and education programs to protect and enhance the natural environment. |
| 3.1.6 | Continue to efficiently and effectively process development applications and respond to planning- related enquiries. |
| 3.1.7 | Prepare a comprehensive Carbon Management Strategy and commence implementation. |
| 3.1.8 | Establish Council's position in relation to climate change adaptation and mitigation and implement priority actions. |
| 3.1.9 | Commence implementation of the Vineyard Vision. |

| OPERATIO | RESPONSIBILITY | |
|----------|---|---------------------------------|
| 3.1.1 | Prepare a City Wide Development Strategy. | |
| 3.1.1.a | Continue review of the City Wide Settlement Strategy. | Strategic Land Use Planning |
| 3.1.2 | Commence implementation of the Biodiversity Strategy. | |
| 3.1.2.a | Continue implementation of the Biodiversity Strategy. | Natural Environment Planning |
| 3.1.3 | Complete further Flood Studies and Risk Management Plans for major catchments in the Local Government Area. | |
| 3.1.3.a | Complete the Lower Black Creek (North) Flood Study. | Strategic Asset Planning |
| 3.1.4 | Commence Implementation of Council's Trunk Stormwater Drainage Strategy. | |
| 3.1.4.a | Identify the priority sub-catchment works for inclusion in the Trunk Stormwater Drainage Strategy. | Strategic Asset Planning |
| 3.1.5 | Carry out regulatory and education programs to protect and enhance the natural environment. | |
| 3.1.5.a | Continue implementation of the regional Weeds Action Plan. | Recreation Services |
| 3.1.6 | Continue to efficiently and effectively process development applications and respond to planning-related enquiries. | |
| 3.1.6.a | Continue to progress the integration and implementation of the on-line application module for development assessment. | Business Support |

| OPERATIONAL PLAN 2015-16 | | RESPONSIBILITY | | |
|--------------------------|---------|--|--------------------------------|--|
| | 3.1.7 | Prepare a comprehensive Carbon Management Strategy and commence implementation. | | |
| | 3.1.8 | Establish Council's position in relation to climate change adaptation and mitigation and implement priority actions. | | |
| | 3.1.8.a | Commence implementation of priority projects from the Carbon Management Strategy. | Natural Environmen Planning | |
| 3.1.9 (| | Commence implementation of the Vineyard Vision. | | |

OBJECTIVE 3.2:

Better utilisation of existing open space

STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS

- Our open spaces are distributed where people live.
- We have green corridors connecting our open space areas.
- We have high quality, centralised multi-purpose sporting and recreation facilities.
- Our open spaces have suitable amenities and plenty of shade.

| 3.2.1 | Complete the Recreation Needs Analysis and review the Recreation & Open Space Strategic Plan 2009-2014. | | |
|-------|---|--|--|
| 3.2.2 | Develop new Plans of Management. | | |
| 3.2.3 | Finalise implementation of the Recreation & Open Space Strategic Plan 2009-2014. | | |
| 3.2.4 | Continue to implement the adopted masterplans for Council's recreation & community facilities. | | |

| OPERATIO | DNAL PLAN 2015-16 | RESPONSIBILITY | |
|----------|---|----------------------------|--|
| 3.2.1 | Complete the Recreation Needs Analysis and review the Recreation & Open Space Strategic Plan 2009-2014. | | |
| 3.2.1.a | Complete the Recreation Needs Analysis. | Recreation Services | |
| 3.2.1.b | Complete the review of the Recreation & Open Space Strategic Plan. | Recreation Services | |
| 3.2.2 | .2 Develop new Plans of Management. | | |
| 3.2.2.a | Continue the development of the remaining generic community land Plans of Management. | Recreation Services | |
| 3.2.3 | Finalise implementation of the Recreation & Open Space Strategic Plan 2009-2014. | | |
| 3.2.3.a | Conduct a feasibility study for Cessnock Aquatic Centre. | Recreation Services | |
| 3.2.4 | Continue to implement the adopted Masterplans for Council's recreation & community facilities. | | |

OBJECTIVE 3.3:

Better waste management and recycling

STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS

We divert more of our household waste for recycling or re-processing.

DELIVERY PROGRAM 2013-17

3.3.1 Commence implementation of the priority projects from the revised Waste Management Strategy.

| OPERATIONAL PLAN 2015-16 | | RESPONSIBILITY | |
|--------------------------|---------|--|------------------------|
| | 3.3.1 | Commence implementation of the priority projects from the revised Waste Management Strategy. | |
| | 3.3.1.a | Review and monitor the need for and timing of the new cell construction as part of stage 1 of the Waste Management & Reuse Centre expansion project. | Environment & Waste |
| | 3.3.1.b | Continue implementation of the priority projects from the revised Waste Management Strategy 2014-19. | Environment & Waste |
| | 3.3.1.c | Implement the priority actions of the EPA – Waste Less Recycle More Program. | Environment & Waste |

MEASURES:

| MEASURES | CONTEXT/BENCHMARK | BASE | 2013-14 RESULT | TARGET |
|--|--|--------------------------|-------------------|-----------------|
| Development Application Processing | This measure is the mean and the median number of days to process Development Applications (for all DAs which have been determined). | 75 Mean 2011-12 31 | 50.6 29.0 | Maintain |
| Times | This data is sourced from the Local Development Performance Monitoring Report. | 31 Median 2011-12 | 2013-14 | Maintain |
| Environmental health and protection | This measure is the number of on-site sewage management inspections carried out in line with Council's On-Site Sewage Management System Strategy. | 1,193 2011-12 | 1,046 2013-14 | >900 |
| inspections | This is a measure of Council's contribution to the health of the local environment. | | | |
| | This measure was 1,193 in 2011-12. | | | |
| Completion of Capital Works Program - Recreation | This measure is the number of completed projects divided by the total number of projects (in the CFR, CBR, CFP, CBC, and CFC sections) of the adopted Recreation & Buildings Capital Works Program. | N/A | 67% 2013-14 | >85% |
| Waste & Recycling | This is a measure of the number of tonnes recycled via the kerbside recycling service. | 4,447t | 4,734t | >4,500t p.a. |
| Recyching | The kerbside recycling service was provided to 18,881 properties in 2011-12. | 2011-12 | 2013-14 | p.a. |
| | This measure is sourced from Hunter Resource Recovery. | | | |
| Waste & Recycling | This is a measure of the number of domestic waste collection services provided by Council. | 18,881 2011-12 | 20,224 2013-14 | Increase |
| | In 2011-12 there were 23,781 rateable properties and approximately 17,500t of domestic waste (out of a total of 38,892t) was disposed of at Council's landfill site. | | 2020 21 | |

INTEGRATED PLANS AND STRATEGIC STUDIES

- Aquatic Needs Analysis 2014
- Black Creek Flood Study 2010
- Carmichael Park Masterplan and Plan of Management
- Cessnock Biodiversity Management Plan
- Cessnock Biodiversity Strategy
- Cessnock CBD Masterplan 2012
- Cessnock City Council Cemetery Strategy 2009
- Cessnock City Council Skate & BMX Facilities Needs Assessment 2020
- Cessnock Heritage Study 1994
- Cessnock Local Environmental Plan 2011, Cessnock City Council
- Citywide Settlement Strategy 2010, Cessnock City Council
- Gordon Williams Memorial Lawn Cemetery Masterplan
- General Community Use (Community Land) Plan of Management 2014
- Generic Parks Plan of Management 2014
- Generic Playgrounds Plan of Management 2009
- Generic Sportsground Plan of Management 2014
- Greta Central Oval Plan of Management 2008
- Kurri Kurri Cemetery Masterplan 2010
- Lower Hunter Regional Strategy 2006, NSW Department of Planning
- Miller Park Masterplan and Plan of Management
- Mt View Basin Masterplan and Plan of Management
- On-Site Sewage Management System Strategy 2012, Cessnock City Council
- Recreation & Open Space Strategic Plan 2009-2014, Cessnock City Council
- Waste Management Strategy 2014-19, Cessnock City Council
- Weed Action Plan 2015-20



Accessible infrastructure, services and facilities

COMMUNITY'S DESIRED OUTCOME:

Accessible infrastructure, services and facilities

This desired outcome identifies the local, state and federal infrastructure, services and facilities needed to serve the current and future community of Cessnock while ensuring there is adequate access to these facilities and services.

Council will undertake the following principal activities to achieve the objectives established in the community strategic plan, Cessnock 2023.



Strategic asset planning

- Capital works program development
- Community buildings
- Flooding and drainage
- Public transport stops
- Recreation facilities
- Roads and bridges

Design delivery

- Contract management
- Project management

Works delivery

- Construction of new infrastructure
- Infrastructure renewal
- Road, footpath and drainage maintenance



Depot and support services

- Building maintenance
- Plant and fleet
- Procurement

Council assets

- Cessnock Airport
- Cemeteries



Better transport links

STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS

- We have access to a range of public and community transport within the local government area.
- We have access to a range of public and community beyond the local government area.
- We have a new passenger train service in Cessnock.

| 4.1.1 | Contribute to the Transport for NSW's Hunter Regional Transport Masterplan. |
|-------|--|
| 4.1.2 | Advocate for increased transport funding. |
| 4.1.3 | Complete all components of the City Wide Infrastructure Strategy. |
| 4.1.4 | Commence implementation of priority projects from the City Wide Infrastructure Strategy. |
| 4.1.5 | Commence implementation of the Cessnock Airport Strategic Plan. |

| OPERATIO | DNAL PLAN 2015-16 | RESPONSIBILITY |
|----------|--|---|
| 4.1.1 | Contribute to the Transport for NSW's Hunter Regional Transport Masterplan. | |
| 4.1.2 | Advocate for increased transport funding. | |
| 4.1.3 | Complete all components of the City Wide Infrastructure Strategy. | |
| 4.1.3.a | Commence development of the umbrella City Wide Infrastructure Strategy. | Strategic Asset Planning |
| 4.1.4 | Commence implementation of priority projects from the City Wide Infrastructure Strategy. | |
| 4.1.5 | Commence implementation of the Cessnock Airport Strategic Plan. | |
| 4.1.5.a | Continue implementation of the priority projects from the Airport Strategic Plan. | Integrated Planning & Strategic Property |

OBJECTIVE 4.2:

Improving the road network

STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS

- We have a quality road network.
- We have managed the traffic impact of the Hunter Expressway on local communities.

| 4.2.1 | Improve the corporate asset management system. |
|-------|---|
| 4.2.2 | Advocate for road funding to better manage traffic impacts on the local road network. |
| 4.2.3 | Deliver prioritised capital works programs in line with adopted asset management plans. |
| 4.2.4 | Improve support services and facilities to assist works delivery. |
| 4.2.5 | Adopt the City Wide Section 94 Contributions Plan. |

| OPERATIO | DNAL PLAN 2015-16 | RESPONSIBILITY |
|----------|---|--------------------------------|
| 4.2.1 | Improve the corporate asset management system. | |
| 4.2.2 | Advocate for road funding to better manage traffic impacts on the local road network. | |
| 4.2.3 | Deliver prioritised capital works programs in line with adopted asset management plans. | |
| 4.2.4 | Improve support services and facilities to assist works delivery. | |
| 4.2.4.a | Continue the development of a masterplan for the works depot. | Procurement & Contracts |
| 4.2.5 | Adopt the City Wide Section 94 Contributions Plan. | |
| 4.2.5.a | Continue preparation and review of Section 94 Contributions Plans. | Strategic Land Use Planning |



Improving access to health services locally

STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS

- We have better availability of and access to hospitals and health services in the local government area.
- We have better availability of and access to general practitioners and dental services in the local government area.

DELIVERY PROGRAM 2013-17

4.3.1 Advocate for health services on behalf of the community.

| OPERATIONAL PLAN 2015-16 | | RESPONSIBILITY | |
|--------------------------|---------|--|-----------|
| | 4.3.1 | Advocate for health services on behalf of the community. | |
| | 4.3.1.a | Finalise the development of a Health Strategic Plan for the Cessnock local | Community |
| | | government area. | Planning |

MEASURES:

| MEASURES | CONTEXT/BENCHMARK | BASE | 2013-14 RESULT | TARGET |
|--|--|-------|--------------------|--------|
| Asset Management Maturity | This measure is the qualitative assessment of Council's asset management maturity. The measure is assessed on a scale of basic, core and advanced. | Basic | Basic June 2014 | Core |
| Completion capital works program – roads, bridges and drainage | This measure is the number of completed projects divided by the total number of projects (in the <u>CRL</u> , <u>CRR</u> , <u>CRV</u> , <u>CBS</u> , <u>CDR</u> , <u>RRL</u> and <u>RRR</u> sections) of the adopted Roads, Bridges & Drainage Capital Works Program. | N/A | 88% | >85% |

INTEGRATED PLANS AND STRATEGIC STUDIES

- Asset Management Policy
- Asset Management Strategy
- Asset Management Plans
- Cessnock Airport Strategic Plan
- Contribution Plans

Civic leadership and effective governance

COMMUNITY'S DESIRED OUTCOME:

Civic leadership and effective governance

This desired outcome focuses on the need for strong civic leadership and effective governance with an engaged community actively participating in decision making processes affecting their future.

Council will undertake the following principal activities to achieve the objectives established in the community strategic plan, Cessnock 2023.



- Information systems
- Corporate records
- Geographic information systems

OBJECTIVE 5.1:

Fostering and supporting community leadership

STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS

- We have well-trained and qualified leaders in our community and in our workforce.
- Our young people have aspirations to become leaders.

DELIVERY PROGRAM 2013-17

| 5.1.1 | Establish a professional development program for Councillors. |
|-------|--|
| 5.1.2 | Explore opportunities within the Council workforce for traineeships, apprenticeships and work experience programs. |
| 5.1.3 | Recognise the work of community leaders. |

| OPERATIONAL PLAN 2015-16 | | RESPONSIBILITY |
|--------------------------|--|----------------|
| 5.1.1 | Establish a professional development program for Councillors. | |
| 5.1.2 | Explore opportunities within the Council workforce for traineeships, apprenticeships and work experience programs. | |
| 5.1.3 | Recognise the work of community leaders. | |

OBJECTIVE 5.2:

Encouraging more community participation in decision making

STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS

- We are informed about our community.
- We are involved in decisions affecting our community.
- We have improved relationships between different levels of government.

DELIVERY PROGRAM 2013-17

| 5.2.1 | Commence implementation of the priority projects from the Communications & Engagement Strategy. |
|-------|---|
| 5.2.2 | Improve Council's use of technology to inform and engage the community. |

OPERATIONAL PLAN 2015-16

| 5.2.1 | Commence implementation of the priority projects from the Communications & Engagement Strategy. |
|-------|---|
| 5.2.2 | Improve Council's use of technology to inform and engage the community. |

OBJECTIVE 5.3:

Making Council more responsive to the community

STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS

- Our Council is responsive to the community.
- Our Council's processes are efficient and transparent.

| 5.3.1 | Commence implementation of the priority projects from the Customer Service Strategy. |
|-------|--|
| 5.3.2 | Implement systems and strategies to improve productivity across the organisation. |
| 5.3.3 | Develop and implement a strategic and operational internal audit program. |
| 5.3.4 | Review and implement a revised Risk Management Strategy. |
| 5.3.5 | Carry out governance functions, provide advice and conduct education programs to comply with |
| | legislation and best practice. |
| 5.3.6 | Review the Community Strategic Plan. |
| 5.3.7 | Develop and implement a special rate variation strategy. |

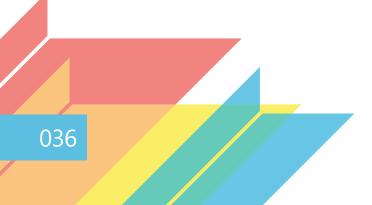
| OPERATIO | OPERATIONAL PLAN 2015-16 | |
|----------|---|---|
| 5.3.1 | Commence implementation of the priority projects from the Customer Service Strategy. | |
| 5.3.1.a | Update and commence implementation of priority projects from the Customer Service Strategy. | Governance & Business Services |
| 5.3.2 | Implement systems and strategies to improve productivity across the organisation. | |
| 5.3.2.a | Continue to implement a performance management system. | Human Resources |
| 5.3.2.b | Continue to implement a new remuneration system. | Human Resources |
| 5.3.3 | Develop and implement a strategic and operational internal audit program. | |
| 5.3.3.a | Implement the annual internal audit program. | Internal Audit |
| 5.3.4 | Review and implement a revised Risk Management Strategy. | |
| 5.3.4.a | Complete the update of the Enterprise Risk Management Strategy. | Governance & Business Services |
| 5.3.5 | Carry out governance functions, provide advice and conduct education programs to comply with legislation and best practice. | |
| 5.3.5.a | Commence the development of a statutory compliance policy. | Governance & Business Services |
| 5.3.6 | Review the Community Strategic Plan. | |
| 5.3.7 | Develop and implement a special rate variation strategy. | |
| 5.3.7.a | Progress the Financial Sustainability Initiative and other projects from Council's Improvement Proposal. | Integrated Planning & Strategic Property |

MEASURES:

| MEASURES | CONTEXT/BENCHMARK | BASE | 2013-14 RESULT | TARGET |
|--|--|------------------|-------------------|--------|
| Satisfaction with Council's performance overall | This measure is from a random survey of residents where they are asked to rate their satisfaction with Council's performance overall on a scale of 1-5, where 1 = low satisfaction and 5 = high satisfaction. | 2.4 2012 | 3.2 2014 | >3 |
| | The benchmark in 2009 from similar surveys with over 15,000 residents across 25 local government areas was 3.5. Current Rating = 2.4 (compared with 3.2 in August 2009) | | | |
| Response to Telephone Calls | The number of telephone calls to the call centre that are not abandoned divided by the total number of telephone calls to the call centre. This data is sourced from Council's telephone system. | 87.7% 2011-12 | 85.8% 2013-14 | 90% |
| Response to Customer Requests | The number of customer requests that are completed within agreed timeframes divided by the total number of customer requests completed. This data is sourced from the workflows in Council's customer request management system. | N/A | 80% 2013-14 | 80% |

INTEGRATED PLANS AND STRATEGIC STUDIES

- Cessnock 2023
- Communications & Engagement Strategy, Cessnock City Council
- Customer Service Strategy (under review)
- Strategic Audit Plan



2015-16 Budget

Financial Forecasts

ASSUMPTIONS

The 2015-16 estimates of income and expenditure in this document have been prepared using the following financial assumptions:

GENERAL RATES

• Ordinary rates are increased in line with the rate peg limit of 2.4%.

DOMESTIC WASTE MANAGEMENT CHARGES

 Domestic Waste Management Charges have increased by 8.3%.

INTEREST RATES

 Interest on new loans of 5.0% (compared with a rate of 4.99% for loans raised in June 2014) and interest on investments of 2.5% (4.0% in 2014-15).

INFLATION

 Inflation of 2.7% has been applied to salaries and wages (3.25% in 2014-15) in line with the award increase; with most other expenditure allocations being held constant.

RISKS

This Operational Plan incorporates assumptions and judgments based on the information available at the time of publication. Unexpected changes in a range of factors could influence the outcomes in the current and future years.

GENERAL RISKS

A major influence on expected revenues and expenses in any year is the economy. The level of economic activity will impact demand for some of Council's services, while changes in inflation rates and interest rates will be reflected in the costs Council pays for materials and services and the return on its investments.

Many of Council's maintenance and construction activities are impacted by the weather; extreme weather conditions can impact on priorities (because of road deterioration, cleaning of debris etc.) and result in programmed works being postponed. Significant changes in government legislation, particularly in the areas of planning, resource management and local government framework/ services, could result in additional costs being borne by Council.

Council, as a multi-purpose organisation, providing a large range of buildings, parks, playgrounds and other facilities accessible to the public, could possibly face insurance claims at any time.

Council is the planning consent authority under the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979. Pursuant to that Act, certain persons aggrieved by a planning decision of Council may appeal to the Land & Environment Court. It is the Court's normal practice that parties bear their own legal costs, however the amount of costs cannot be known until an appeal is determined.

On the revenue side, grants are a material component of Council's source of funds and are subject to political decisions by other levels of government.

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Financial Forecasts

SPECIFIC RISKS

Climate Change

The Garnaut Report (2008) found that, as a result of past actions, the world is already committed to a level of warming that could lead to damaging climate change. The continuing growth in greenhouse gas emissions is expected to have a severe and costly impact on agriculture, infrastructure, biodiversity and ecosystems in Australia. The report concluded that every Australian would have to adapt to climate change... for the maintenance of their livelihoods and the things that they value.

Climate change will affect rainfall, temperature and sea levels and will have consequences on flooding, soil moisture, bushfire intensity and storm events. It will cause the re-evaluation of Council activities and priorities, as well as significantly impacting on future plans.

Council has taken some initial measures to mitigate the broader risk of climate change.

Council's response to date has included initiatives to improve the coordination and effectiveness of Council's response to climate change. However, the extent of climate change impacts on the social and economic wellbeing of our community is yet to be comprehensively assessed.

Ability to Fund Asset Management

A common issue arising from recent local government reviews has been the shortfall in infrastructure maintenance and renewals expenditure (and how it is to be funded) to ensure that infrastructure is providing the level of service expected by the community. If appropriate asset management processes are not adopted, then assets can deteriorate to the point where level of service standards cannot be met.

Council has an Asset Management Strategy and draft Asset Management Plans for the key infrastructure classes of roads, bridges, stormwater drainage, buildings and open space.

Development Applications

The revenue estimates for development applications (DAs) are based on ongoing residential building activity in the Local Government Area.

Rate Pegging

Rate pegging limitations continue to constrain revenue raising capacity and place extra burden on Council when rate pegging increases are less than increases in the costs faced by Councils.

Future Funding Obligations

Council has identified a substantial commitment to future works which will require funding in future years, with some of those projects requiring attention in the short to medium term.

When possible the funding of these items has been included in Council's Operational Plan and the impact of funding some of these items has been detailed in Scenarios 3 and 4 of the Long Term Financial Plan. Due to the significant amounts associated with these future commitments, the capacity of Council to provide funding within existing budgets will need to be reviewed, along with the level of funding provided to existing services.

Financial Forecasts

CURRENT FINANCIAL POSITION OF COUNCIL

The long term financial position of the Council remains a significant challenge over future years. While Council still adopts a balanced budget strategy, current operations continue to exert considerable pressure on Council's capacity to manage its financial position. Also, Council has a substantial financial commitment to future capital works.

In April 2013, Council received the results from the NSW Treasury Corporation (TCorp) assessment of the financial capacity and sustainability of all 152 councils in NSW. TCorp has prepared a Financial Sustainability Rating (FSR) and Outlook for each council, in order to provide an overall position of the sustainability of Councils when compared with other councils within NSW.

Cessnock City Council has been assessed as:

Financial Sustainability Rating (FSR) - Moderate

Outlook - Negative

The report states, a Council with a FSR of moderate and an outlook of negative, is assessed as being in a deteriorating position or at risk of being down graded from moderate to weak. As TCorp considers an FSR of lower then moderate to be at much greater risk of being unsustainable, councils in this position need to be considering options for addressing the areas of poor performance that are contributing to Council's assessed FSR and Outlook.

TCorp has issued definitions for the above ratings, as follows:-

- 1. Financial Sustainability Rating (FSR) – Moderate
- A local government with an adequate capacity to meet its financial commitments in the short to medium term and an acceptable capacity in the long term.
- While it has some record of reporting minor to moderate operating deficits the local government may also have recently reported a significant operating deficit.
- It is likely able to address its operating deficits, manage unforeseen financial shocks and any adverse changes in its business, with moderate revenue and/or expense adjustments. The expense adjustments are likely to result in a number of changes to the range of and/or quality of services offered.
- Its capacity to manage core business risks is moderate.
- 2. Outlook Negative
- As a result of a foreseeable event or circumstance occurring, there is the potential for deterioration in the local government's capacity to meet its financial commitments (short and/or long term) and resulting change in its rating. However, it does not necessarily indicate

that a rating change may be forthcoming.

The TCorp assessment confirms Council's long-term financial forecasting; that the continuation of Council's current spending and income patterns is not sustainable.

Council's response to this was the adoption, in July 2014, of a Financial Sustainability Initiative to ensure that, in the long-term, Council generates sufficient funds to provide the levels of service and infrastructure agreed with our community.

In essence, the underlying objectives of the Financial Sustainability Initiative are to:

- Reduce costs
- Increase revenues; and
- Improve value-for-money.

By focusing on these objectives, in the long-term, Council should be in a position to better manage its debt to address its asset renewal funding gap.

So far, nine projects have been identified to achieve the Financial Sustainability Initiative objectives:

- Service review;
- Productivity improvements & cost savings project;
- Sponsorship & subsidies review;
- Strategic property review;
- Fees & charges review;
- Assets, depreciation & capital commitments review;
- Developer contributions review;
- Business opportunities framework; and
- Special rate variation strategy.

Operational Budget

| | 2014-15 | | | | | NET BUDGET |
|--|---------------------|------------|--------------|-----------|---------|-----------------------|
| | ORIGINAL | | | | | RESULT |
| | BUDGET SHORTFALL | OPERATING | OPERATING | CAPITAL | CAPITAL | 2015-16: SHORTFALL |
| | (SURPLUS) | EXPENSES | REVENUES | EXPENSES | REVENUE | (SURPLUS) |
| COUNCIL & GENERAL MANAGER | 3,821,760 | 3,795,920 | (355,400) | 3,000 | - | 3,443,520 |
| General Manager's Office | 687,190 | 636,350 | - | - | - | 636,350 |
| Mayor & Council | 642,360 | 634,960 | - | - | - | 634,960 |
| Business Improvement | 121,460 | 143,750 | - | - | - | 143,750 |
| Economic Development | 1,072,620 | 1,049,360 | (282,400) | 3,000 | - | 769,960 |
| Human Resources | 1,170,530 | 1,173,500 | (73,000) | - | - | 1,100,500 |
| Media & Communication | 127,600 | 158,000 | - | - | - | 158,000 |
| | | | | | | |
| CORPORATE & COMMUNITY SERVICES | (28,329,270) | 12,590,113 | (43,113,309) | 2,572,064 | - | (27,951,132) |
| Director Corporate & Community Services | 356,990 | 375,300 | - | 2,400 | - | 377,700 |
| Administration Services | 1,031,880 | 2,198,410 | (50,840) | 1,000 | - | 2,148,570 |
| Community & Cultural Engagement | 2,747,254 | 2,692,628 | (440,038) | 252,400 | - | 2,504,990 |
| Depot Services | 1,773,971 | 1,816,970 | 13,933 | - | - | 1,830,903 |
| Financial Services | (35,859,527) | 3,689,300 | (40,288,000) | 900 | - | (36,597,800) |
| Fleet Management | - | 34,000 | (2,219,500) | 2,185,500 | - | - |
| Information Systems | 1,620,162 | 1,783,505 | (128,864) | 129,864 | - | 1,784,505 |
| | | | | | | |
| PLANNING & ENVIRONMENT | 5,749,667 | 8,835,369 | (3,577,235) | 6,000 | - | 5,264,134 |
| Director Planning & Environment | 577,880 | 590,350 | - | - | - | 590,350 |
| Health & Building | 1,430,559 | 3,246,670 | (2,132,400) | - | - | 1,114,270 |
| Business Support | 413,855 | 838,550 | (275,600) | - | - | 562,950 |
| Development Services | 1,449,338 | 2,255,359 | (673,050) | - | - | 1,582,309 |
| Integrated Planning & Strategic Property | 1,026,345 | 747,990 | (201,885) | - | - | 546,105 |
| Natural Environment Planning | 163,110 | 166,200 | - | - | - | 166,200 |
| Strategic Land Use Planning | 688,580 | 990,250 | (294,300) | 6,000 | - | 701,950 |
| | | | | | | |

Operational Budget

| | 2014-15 ORIGINAL BUDGET SHORTFALL (SURPLUS) | OPERATING EXPENSES | OPERATING REVENUES | CAPITAL EXPENSES | CAPITAL REVENUE | NET BUDGET RESULT 2015-16: SHORTFALL (SURPLUS) |
|------------------------------|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|--------------------|--|
| WORKS & INFRASTRUCTURE | 18,757,481 | 31,209,000 | (27,941,800) | 22,926,490 | (6,952,000) | 19,241,690 |
| Administration Support | 1,068,840 | 1,234,050 | (148,200) | - | - | 1,085,850 |
| Design Delivery | 1,603,477 | 1,437,800 | (52,000) | 4,000 | (2,000) | 1,387,800 |
| Environment & Sustainability | 188,220 | 273,600 | (5,500) | - | - | 268,100 |
| Recreation Parks | 479,610 | 530,800 | - | - | - | 530,800 |
| Recreation Services | 5,105,342 | 4,226,667 | (411,914) | 1,485,051 | - | 5,299,804 |
| Sanitary Services | 6,350 | 50 | 5,700 | - | - | 5,750 |
| Strategic Asset Planning | 4,065,332 | 3,759,093 | (5,360,286) | 12,179,439 | (6,950,000) | 3,628,246 |
| Waste Services | - | 11,779,900 | (19,739,900) | 7,960,000 | - | - |
| Works Delivery | 6,240,310 | 7,967,040 | (2,229,700) | 1,298,000 | - | 7,035,340 |
| TOTAL | (362) | 56,430,402 | (74,987,744) | 25,507,554 | (6,952,000) | (1,788) |



Budget by Function/Activity - Note 2(a)

| | Income and Expenses have been directly attributed to the followin Functions/Activities | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| FUNCTIONS/ACTIVITIES | Income from Continuing Operations | Expenses from Continuing Operations | Operating Result from Continuing Operations | | |
| | 2015-16 Budget | 2015-16 Budget | 2015-16 Budget | | |
| Governance | - | 1,218,442 | 1,218,442 | | |
| Administration | (807,640) | 10,922,708 | 10,115,068 | | |
| Public Order & Safety | (557,000) | 1,805,575 | 1,248,575 | | |
| Health | (1,101,550) | 802,200 | (299,350) | | |
| Environment | (13,253,900) | 13,144,890 | (109,010) | | |
| Community Services & Education | (47,793) | 339,550 | 291,757 | | |
| Housing & Community Amenities | (1,263,950) | 5,443,884 | 4,179,934 | | |
| Recreation & Culture | (697,400) | 8,938,145 | 8,240,745 | | |
| Mining, Manufacturing & Construction | (936,350) | 1,141,500 | 205,150 | | |
| Transport & Communication | (11,453,923) | 20,062,630 | 8,608,707 | | |
| Economic Affairs | (288,400) | 1,076,760 | 788,360 | | |
| TOTAL FUNCTIONS & ACTIVITIES | (29,337,906) | 64,896,284 | 34,488,378 | | |
| General Purpose Income ¹ | (40,653,290) | - | (40,653,290) | | |
| OPERATING RESULT FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS | (69,991,196) | 64,896,284 | (6,164,912) | | |

1. Includes: Rates & Annual Charges (incl. Ex-Gratia), Untied General Purpose Grants & Unrestricted Interest & Investment Income.

Profit & Loss Statement

| | 2013-14 ACTUAL PROFIT & LOSS | 2014-15 ADOPTED BUDGET PROFIT & LOSS | 2015-16 FORECAST PROFIT & LOSS |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|
| REVENUE | | | |
| Rates & Annual Charges | (41,262,388) | (43,058,345) | (43,225,186) |
| User Charges & Fees | (8,767,523) | (6,772,690) | (7,232,141) |
| Interest & Investment Revenue | (1,359,525) | (859,700) | (729,100) |
| Other Operating Revenues | (1,666,860) | (1,002,820) | (1,058,190) |
| Operating Grants & Contributions | (11,777,308) | (11,362,273) | (12,674,579) |
| Net gain from disposal of assets | - | 0 | - |
| Sub-Total | (64,833,604) | (63,055,828) | (64,919,196) |
| EXPENSES | | | |
| Employee Benefits & On-costs | 25,077,158 | 28,178,170 | 25,704,750 |
| Borrowing Costs | 606,666 | 792,096 | 566,708 |
| Materials & Contracts | 16,118,152 | 10,760,204 | 13,881,395 |
| Depreciation & Amortisation | 12,848,159 | 15,031,500 | 13,015,000 |
| Other expenses | 10,973,889 | 10,916,601 | 11,638,431 |
| Net loss from Disposal of Assets | 3,711,527 | 0 | 0 |
| Sub-Total | 69,336,151 | 65,678,571 | 64,806,284 |
| Operating Result - (Surplus)/Loss | 4,502,547 | 2,622,743 | (112,912) |
| Capital Grants & Contributions | (8,336,055) | (8,302,000) | (6,052,000) |
| Overall Result - (Surplus)/Loss | (3,833,508) | (5,679,257) | (6,164,912) |
| Operating Performance Ratio | -0.017 | -0.042 | +0.002 |
| Fit for the Future benchmark | | | >0 |



Reserve Balances

| | 2014-15 | PROPOSED | PROPOSED | |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | ESTIMATED RESERVE BALANCE | TRANSFERS TO RESERVE | TRANSFERS FROM RESERVES | 2015-16 FORECAST RESERVE BALANCE |
| EXTERNAL RESTRICTIONS | | | | |
| Developer Contributions | 3,450,000 | 850,000 | 1,236,960 | 3,063,040 |
| Domestic Waste Management | 844,479 | 0 | 0 | 844,479 |
| Sub-Total External Restrictions | 4,294,479 | 850,000 | 1,236,960 | 3,907,519 |
| INTERNAL RESTRICTIONS | | | | |
| Bridge Replacement | 106,235 | 159,000 | 135,000 | 130,235 |
| Computer Services | 402,967 | 210,000 | 128,364 | 484,603 |
| Employee Leave Entitlements | 1,629,735 | 455,000 | 400,000 | 1,684,735 |
| Insurance Provisions | 478,111 | 0 | 72,000 | 406,111 |
| Miscellaneous Projects | 708,618 | 332,500 | 105,714 | 935,404 |
| Operations & Programs Provision | 495,870 | 135,000 | 0 | 630,870 |
| Plant & Vehicle Replacement | 2,354,935 | 1,045,900 | 1,500,000 | 1,900,835 |
| Property Investment Fund | 853,726 | 0 | 8,770 | 844,956 |
| Single Invitation Contracts | 624,337 | 0 | 12,000 | 612,337 |
| Waste Depot & Rehabilitation | 13,437,623 | 60,000 | 7,533,700 | 5,963,923 |
| Sub-Total Internal Restrictions | 21,092,157 | 2,397,400 | 9,895,548 | 13,594,009 |
| TOTAL | 25,386,636 | 3,247,400 | 11,132,508 | 17,501,528 |

| INFRASTRUCTURE FORWARD PLANNING | 2015/16 |
|--|--------------|
| PROJECT NAME | Project No. |
| Strategic Infractructure Planning Studies | PFI-2016-001 |
| Strategic Asset Management | PFI-2016-002 |
| Pre-construction Investigation, Survey and Design | PFI-2016-003 |
| Funding Source: Grants | \$778,000 |
| LOCAL ROAD RENEWAL PROGRAM | 2015/16 |
| PROJECT NAME | Project No. |
| Local Road Resurfacing Program | RRL-2016-001 |
| Rural Road Regravelling Program | RRL-2016-002 |
| Sandy Creek Road Mount Vincent Rehabilitation Stage 3 | RRL-2016-004 |
| Local Road Special Rate Variation Resurfacing Program | RRL-2016-005 |
| Funding Source: General Fund, Special Rate Variation, Roads to Recovery, s94 | \$3,210,000 |
| LOCAL ROAD CONSTRUCTION PROGRAM | 2015/16 |
| PROJECT NAME | Project No. |
| Kurri Kurri Library Raised Threshold | CRL-2016-001 |
| Marlton Street Pedestrian Refuge | CRL-2016-002 |
| Edgeworth Street Pedestrian Refuge & Parking Improvements | CRL-2016-003 |
| Duffie Drive Aberdare (Black Spot Program) | CRL-2016-005 |
| Frame Drive Abermain roadwork at bridge (grant funding dependent) | ТВА |
| Funding Source: Roads to Recovery Grant, s94, Black Spot Grant | \$795,000 |
| REGIONAL ROAD CONSTRUCTION PROGRAM | 2015/16 |
| PROJECT NAME | Project No. |
| Great North Road (Lemming Corner) Laguna (Black Spot Program) | CRR-2016-001 |
| Funding Source: Black Spot Grant | \$460,000 |
| REGIONAL ROAD RENEWAL PROGRAM | 2015/16 |
| PROJECT NAME | Project No. |
| Regional Road Resurfacing Program | RRR-2016-001 |
| Wollombi Road Millfield Rehabilitation Stage 2 | RRR-2016-002 |
| Regional Road Special Rate Variation Resurfacing Program | RRR-2016-003 |
| Funding Source: Block Grant, Repair Program Grant, SRV, General Fund | \$1,498,000 |
| VINEYARDS ROAD CONSTRUCTION PROGRAM | 2015/16 |
| PROJECT NAME | Project No. |
| Broke Road Pokolbin Reconstruction and Widening Stage 2 (construction) | CRV-2016-001 |
| Hermitage Road Pokolbin Reconstruction and Widening Stage 1 | CRV-2016-002 |
| Funding Source: Part of the \$8.6m Resources for Region Grant | \$4,680,000 |

| PATHWAYS CONSTRUCTION PROGRAM | 2015/16 |
|---|--------------|
| PROJECT NAME | Project No. |
| Station Street Weston - Western side from Cessnock Road to existing. | CPW-2015-003 |
| Barton Street Kurri Kurri - from Hampden Street to Allworth Street. | CPW-2016-001 |
| Deakin & Stanford Street - Kurri Kurri High School to intersection Mitchell Ave/Stanford St | CPW-2016-004 |
| Doyle Street Bellbird - from Cambage Street to laneway beside school | CPW-2016-005 |
| Wyndham Street Greta Public School - investigation | CPW-2016-006 |
| Long Street Cessnock - from existing at Old Maitland Road | CPW-2016-007 |
| Mulbring Street Aberdare from existing at Aberdare Road to Greta Street | CPW-2016-008 |
| Funding Source: General Fund | \$250,000 |
| BRIDGES CONSTRUCTION PROGRAM | 2015/16 |
| PROJECT NAME | Project No. |
| Replace Frame Drive Bridge Abermain (grant funding dependent) | TBA |
| Replace Lomas Lane Bridge Nulkaba | CBS-2014-005 |
| Refurbish Williams Bridge Wollombi | CBS-2016-005 |
| Funding Source: Bridge Financial Assistance Grant, General Fund, Roads to Recovery | \$1,454,439 |
| FLOODPLAIN MANAGEMENT PROGRAM | 2015/16 |
| PROJECT NAME | Project No. |
| Floodplain Management Committee | PMF-2016-001 |
| Wollombi Flood Risk Management Plan Priority Recommendations | PMF-2016-002 |
| Cessnock City (Black Creek) Flood Risk Management Plan Priority Recommendations | PMF-2016-003 |
| Swamp/Fishery Creek Flood Risk Management Plan Priority Recommendations | PMF-2016-004 |
| Black Creek (Stage 2) Flood Risk Management Study and Plan | PMF-2016-005 |
| Funding Source: OEH Grant, Federal Grant, Flood Letter Income | \$155,000 |
| DRAINAGE CONSTRUCTION PROGRAM | 2015/16 |
| PROJECT NAME | Project No. |
| Whitburn Estate Trunk Drainage Construction (New England Highway Culvert) (grant funding dependent) | TBA |
| Aberdare Street Kurri Kurri | CDR-2015-005 |
| Water Street Greta | CDR-2015-006 |
| Cooper Street Heddon Greta Stage 1 (investigation and design) | CDR-2016-003 |
| Anvil Street Greta | CDR-2016-004 |
| Heddon Street Kurri Kurri | CDR-2016-005 |
| Miscellaneous Minor Drainage Projects | ТВА |
| Funding Source: Drainage Loan, Stormwater Management Income | \$1,080,000 |

| RECREATION FACILITIES RENEWAL PROGRAM | 2015/16 |
|---|--------------|
| PROJECT NAME | Project No. |
| Progressive Playground Edging Renewal Program | RFR-2016-002 |
| Cessnock CBD Masterplan Gardens Renovations - Stage 4 | RFR-2016-004 |
| Mulbring Oval Grandstand Renewal | RFR-2016-005 |
| Parks & Reserves Asset Renewal Program | RFR-2016-006 |
| Funding Source: General Fund | \$155,200 |
| RECREATION FACILITIES CONSTRUCTION PROGRAM | 2015/16 |
| PROJECT NAME | Project No. |
| Cessnock Sportsground Grandstand Works | CFR-2014-001 |
| Bridges Hill Park Cessnock Playground Replacement (grant funding dependent) | CFR-2015-001 |
| Greta Skate Park Upgrade - Stage 3 | CFR-2016-002 |
| Branxton Oval RV Area – Stage 1 | CFR-2016-004 |
| Carmichael Park (Bellbird) Fencing | CFR-2016-005 |
| Kurri Kurri Central Oval RV Area – Stage 2 | CFR-2016-006 |
| Funding Source: General Fund, Grant Opportunities | \$220,000 |
| RECREATION BUILDINGS RENEWAL PROGRAM | 2015/16 |
| PROJECT NAME | Project No. |
| Cessnock Civic Indoor Sports Centre Internal Refurbishment – Stage 1 | RBR-2016-002 |
| Cessnock Sportsground Bird Proofing | RBR-2015-007 |
| Greta Central Oval Amenities Plumbing Works | RBR-2016-005 |
| Kurri Kurri Sportsground Toilet Block Renewal – Stage 4 | RBR-2016-004 |
| Mount View Basin Amenities Roof Replacement | RBR-2016-006 |
| Funding Source: General Fund | \$120,000 |
| RECREATION BUILDINGS CONSTRUCTION PROGRAM | 2015/16 |
| PROJECT NAME | Project No. |
| Birralee Snr Amenities Replacement (grant funding dependent) - Stage 2 (construction) | CBR-2015-001 |
| Funding Source: s94, Grant Opportunities | \$600,000 |
| POOL FACILITIES RENEWAL PROGRAM | 2015/16 |
| PROJECT NAME | Project No. |
| Branxton Pool Renewal Program | RFP-2016-001 |
| Cessnock Pool Renewal Program | RFP-2016-002 |
| Kurri Kurri Aquatic Centre Renewal Program | RFP-2016-003 |
| Funding Source: General Fund | \$184,000 |

| COMMUNITY BUILDINGS CONSTRUCTION PROGRAM | 2015/16 |
|---|--------------|
| PROJECT NAME | Project No. |
| Kearsley Community Hall Outdoor Area | CBC-2017-001 |
| Funding Source: Grant Opportunities | \$15,851 |
| COMMUNITY BUILDINGS RENEWAL PROGRAM | 2015/16 |
| PROJECT NAME | Project No. |
| Branxton Community Hall Internal Painting | RBC-2016-001 |
| Branxton Community Hall Foyer Renewal Stage 2 | RBC-2016-002 |
| Ellalong Community Hall Air conditioner replacement | RBC-2016-008 |
| Kearsley Community Hall External Painting | RBC-2016-004 |
| Pokolbin Community Hall Verandah Renewal | RBC-2016-005 |
| Weston Civic Centre Roof Renewal - Stage 2 | RBC-2015-007 |
| Weston Civic Centre Internal Painting | RBC-2016-006 |
| Wollombi Community Hall Toilet Refurbishment | RBC-2016-007 |
| Funding Source: General Fund | \$150,000 |
| CEMETERIES FACILITIES CONSTRUCTION PROGRAM | 2015/16 |
| PROJECT NAME | Project No. |
| All Cemeteries - Signage | CFC-2016-003 |
| Gordon Williams Memorial Cemetery Gates Renewal | CFC-2016-004 |
| Kurri Kurri Cemetery Entry Gates Installation | CFC-2016-005 |
| Funding Source: Cemeteries Reserve | \$40,000 |
| | |
| TOTAL PROGRAMS | \$15,845,490 |
| Overhead Component | \$1,517,700 |
| TOTAL CAPITAL WORKS BUDGET | \$17,363,190 |

Assumptions

- 1. Overhead component is the amount recovered for design and works delivery.
- 2. Funding sources are only those that are historically consistent, i.e. do not include "one-off" or opportunity/merit based grants.
- 3. S94 amounts are estimates based on historic allocations they may not reflect the amounts available in the future.
- 4. These assumptions are consistent with the long term financial plan and asset management plans.

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A. RATING

The amount that is to be raised from rating is calculated to comply with legislative requirements and rate-pegging limitations.

Together with other sources of income, rating income is used to fund Council's expenditure to implement the programs and levels of service that will, in turn, realise the community's desired outcomes in *Cessnock 2023*.

Rate Pegging

In December 2014 the Independent Pricing & Regulatory Tribunal (IPART) determined a rate peg of 2.4% for 2015-16.

Methodology

For 2015-16 Council continues to use a rating methodology comprising a base amount plus an ad valorem amount (land value multiplied by a rate in the \$).

The land valuations used to calculate rates for 2015-16 are supplied by the Valuer General and have a base date of 1 July 2012.

Interest on Overdue Rates

In accordance with Section 566 of the Local Government Act 1993, Council proposes to charge interest on overdue rates and charges for 2015-16 at a simple rate of 8.5% calculated daily.

Categorisation of Land

Council has determined that the rates will be applied across eight categories:

- residential
- rural residential
- business
- farmland
- farmland low intensity
- farmland mixed use
- farmland business rural
- mining

| CATEGORY | REFERENCE | DEFINITION |
|-------------|----------------------------------|--|
| RESIDENTIAL | RESIDENTIAL Section 516 Local | Land is categorised as residential if it is a parcel of rateable land valued as one assessment and:- |
| | Government Act 1993 | Its main use is for residential accommodation (but not as a hotel, motel, guesthouse, boarding house, lodging house, or nursing home). |
| | | It is vacant land zoned for residential purposes. |
| | | • It is rural residential land. Rural residential land is defined as being |
| | | a) land that is the site of a dwelling, and |
| | | b) is not less than 2 hectares and not more that 40 hectares in area, and is either: |
| | | i) not zoned or otherwise designated for use under an environmental planning instrument, or |
| | | ii) zoned or otherwise designated for use under such an instrument for non- urban purposes, and |
| | | c) does not have significant and substantial commercial purpose or character. |

| CATEGORY | REFERENCE | DEFINITION |
|---------------------------------|--|---|
| RURAL RESIDENTIAL | Section 516 Local Government Act 1993 | A sub-category of residential for rural residential land where there is a residential dwelling and the land area is between 2 and 40 hectares. |
| BUSINESS | Section 518 Local Government Act 1993 | Land is categorised as business if it cannot be categorised as farmland, residential or mining. The main land uses in the business category are commercial and industrial. |
| FARMLAND | Section 515 Local Government Act 1993 | Land is categorised as farmland if it is a parcel of rateable land valued as one assessment and its dominant use is for farming (that is the business or industry of grazing, animal feedlots, dairying, pig farming, poultry farming, viticulture, orcharding, beekeeping, horticulture, vegetable growing, forestry, oyster or fish farming, or growing crops for profit) and:- |
| | | has a significant and substantial commercial purpose or character, and |
| | | • is engaged in for the purpose of profit on a continuous or repetitive basis. |
| | | Rural residential land can not be categorised as farmland. |
| FARMLAND – LOW INTENSITY | Section 515 Local Government Act 1993 | A sub-category of farmland for land which meets the farmland criteria under Section 515 with a lower intensity of land utilisation. |
| FARMLAND – MIXED USE | Section 515 Local Government Act 1993 | A sub-category of farmland with both rural and business use. |
| FARMLAND – BUSINESS RURAL | Section 515 Local Government Act 1993 | A sub-category of farmland which has a low intensity of land utilisation with predominantly business activity. |
| MINING | Section 517 Local Government Act 1993 | Land is categorised as mining (Section 517) if it is a parcel of rateable land valued as one assessment and its dominant use is for a coal or metalliferous mine. |

Statement of Rates Proposed to be Levied - Section 405(2) Local Government Act 1993

Rates are assessed by levies on the value of land. Land values are determined by the Valuer General. Increases in rates are in line with the rate peg determined by the Independent Pricing Regulatory Tribunal (IPART). The rating structure for 2015-16 is shown in the table below.

Rating Structure

Council will increase rates by 2.4% in 2015-16 in line with the IPART determination of the rate peg.

The following table shows the ad valorem and base rate amounts for 2015-16, based on the approved general increase of 2.4%.

| RATE TYPE | CATEGORY | SUB-CATEGORY | AD VALOREM | BASE AMOUNT | BASE AMOUNT | RATE YIELD \$ |
|-----------|-------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|-------------|--------------------|---------------|
| | | | AMOUNT IN CENTS IN \$ | \$ | % OF TOTAL RATE | |
| Ordinary | Residential | | 0.495081 | 430.00 | 40.21% | 20,782,500 |
| Ordinary | Residential | Rural | 0.443116 | 430.00 | 23.63% | 3,000,400 |
| Ordinary | Farmland | | 0.354674 | 430.00 | 17.28% | 2,190,300 |
| Ordinary | Farmland | Mixed Use | 0.897005 | 535.00 | 7.35% | 189,100 |
| Ordinary | Farmland | Low Intensity | 0.421711 | 430.00 | 30.90% | 1,035,400 |
| Ordinary | Farmland | Business Rural | 0.897005 | 535.00 | 9.30% | 212,900 |
| Ordinary | Business | | 1.773202 | 535.00 | 15.68% | 5,143,000 |
| Ordinary | Mining | | 4.670697 | 1,500.00 | 0.82% | 1,095,000 |
| | | TOTAL | | | | 33,648,600 |

B. CHARGES

Waste Charges

Weekly services for kerbside collection of mixed solid waste and alternate fortnightly collections for recyclable waste are provided by Council to residential and non-residential properties in the Cessnock local government area.

Where new services are commenced throughout the year; charges are calculated as a proportion of the annual charge.

Under Section 496 of the Act, Council is required to levy a charge on all rateable land that is situated within the area in which a domestic waste management service is available, whether occupied land or vacant land.

The Local Government Act, 1993 Section 504(1) provides:

- A council must not apply income from an ordinary rate towards the cost of providing domestic waste management services.
- Income to be applied by a council towards the cost of providing domestic waste management services must be obtained from the making and levying of a charge.
- Income obtained from charges for domestic waste management must be calculated so as to not exceed the reasonable cost to the Council of providing those services.

Sections 501 and 502 permits a council to make and levy an annual charge for the following services provided on an annual basis:

- Waste management services (other than domestic waste management)
- Any services prescribed by the Regulations.

Domestic Waste Service Charge – Vacant

Under the provisions of Section 496 of the Local Government Act 1993, vacant rateable land categorised for rating purposes as residential or farmland and situated within an area in which a domestic waste management service is able to be provided is to be charged a domestic waste management service charge – vacant.

Domestic Waste Service Charge

Under the provisions of Section 496 of the Local Government Act 1993, rateable land categorised for rating purposes as residential or farmland and located in an area in which the service is provided is to be charged a domestic waste management service charge.

This service entitles the property to a single weekly collection of mixed waste, using an approved mobile container as provided by Council and a single fortnightly collection of recyclable material using an approved mobile container as provided by Council.

For 2015-16 each service includes the issue of four (4) waste depot passes to be used at the Cessnock Waste & Reuse Centre. Each pass allows free disposal of up to 500 kilograms of domestic or general household waste. If the quantity of waste exceeds 500 kilograms per disposal, additional issued passes may be used, or a fee will apply. Waste is to be transported in passenger vehicles, utilities or small trailers only.

Additional Domestic Waste Service Charge

Under the provisions of Section 496 of the Local Government Act 1993, further to the domestic waste management service charge, an additional domestic waste management service charge applies to each additional weekly collection of mixed waste, using an approved mobile container as provided by Council.

Additional Domestic Waste Service Charge - Recycling

Under the provisions of Section 496 of the Local Government Act 1993, further to the domestic waste management service charge, an additional domestic waste management service charge – recycling applies to each additional fortnightly collection of recyclable waste, using an approved mobile container as provided by Council.

Waste Management Service Charge

Under the provisions of Section 501 of the Local Government Act 1993,

a waste management service charge applies to each parcel of land not categorised for rating purposes as residential or farmland to which the service is provided.

This service entitles the property to a single weekly collection of mixed waste, using an approved mobile container as provided by Council and a single fortnightly collection of recyclable material using an approved mobile container as provided by Council.

Additional Waste Management Service Charge

Under the provisions of Section 501 of the Local Government Act 1993, further to the waste management service charge, an additional waste management service charge applies to each additional weekly collection of mixed waste, using an approved mobile container as provided by Council.

Additional Waste Management Service Charge – Recycling

Under the provisions of Section 501 of the Local Government Act 1993, further to the waste management service charge, an additional waste management service charge – recycling applies to each additional service of recyclable waste, using an approved mobile container as provided by Council.

Stormwater Charges

Under the provisions of Section 496A of the Local Government Act 1993, Council may make and levy an annual charge for the provision of stormwater management services for each parcel of rateable land for which the service is available. A stormwater service is a service to manage the quantity or quality, or both, of stormwater that flows off land, and includes a service to manage the re-use of stormwater for any purpose.

In line with the Stormwater Management Guidelines, Council proposes to levy a charge

calculated at \$25.00 per 350 square metres (or part thereof) up to a maximum charge of \$500.00 on business properties located within the defined stormwater area. Residential properties within the defined stormwater area will continue to be charged at the fixed charge of \$25.00 per property in line with the Stormwater Management Guidelines. Residential strata properties will be charged a fixed charge of \$12.50 per property in line with the Stormwater Management Guidelines.

Hunter Catchment Contribution

Council includes on its rate notice a catchment contribution collected on behalf of Hunter Local Land Services.

Catchment contributions are collected under *Clause 40, Part 4, of the Local Land Services Regulation 2014*, with the Local Land Services setting the rate in the dollar each year.

The rate applicable to all land within the defined catchment area is estimated to be 0.0109 of a cent in the dollar on the current value of land within the area. The rate approved by the Minister for 2015-16 will be levied by Council.

Statement of Charges Proposed to be Levied - Section 405(2) Local Government Act 1993

The proposed charges for 2015-16 are:-

| CHARGE | 2015-16 |
|---|--|
| Domestic Waste Management Service Charge – Vacant | \$60.00 |
| Domestic Waste Management Service Charge | \$508.00 |
| Additional Domestic Waste Management Service Charge | \$508.00 |
| Additional Domestic Waste Management Service Charge – Recycling | \$35.00 |
| Waste Management Service Charge (including GST) | \$686.00 |
| Additional Waste Management Service Charge (including GST) | \$686.00 |
| Additional Waste Management Service Charge – Recycling | \$35.00 |
| Stormwater Management Service Charge – Residential | \$25.00 |
| Stormwater Management Service Charge – Residential Strata | \$12.50 |
| Stormwater Management Service Charge – Business | $25.00 \text{ per } 350 \text{ m}^2 \text{ or part thereof up to max. } 500$ |

C. STATEMENT OF PROPOSED BORROWINGS

Council borrows funds each year to provide long-term assets and facilities that are unable to be funded out of recurrent revenues. Council invites quotes for the provision of loan funds from lending institutions. All loans are secured by a mortgage deed taken over Council's general revenue and are normally taken over a ten-year period or for the economic life of the asset acquired, whichever is the shorter.

In 2015-16 Council proposes to borrow \$1,000,000 for the continuation of the drainage improvement program.

D. FEES & CHARGES

Council provides a wide range of services to the community and has adopted a number of fees and charges. Each charge or fee is reviewed annually and determined on the basis of one or more of the following criteria:-

| Α | <i>Nil Cost Recovery</i> - There is no charge for these types of items. All costs associated with this item are met from either general revenues, grants, contributions or various combinations of same. |
|---|--|
| В | <i>Minimal Cost Recovery</i> - The price for these is set to meet a small contribution towards the cost of the item. The majority of the cost of this item is met from either general revenues, grants, contributions or various combinations of same. |
| С | <i>Majority Cost Recovery</i> - The price for these items is set to make a substantial contribution towards the cost of the service. |
| D | <i>Full Operating Cost Recovery</i> - The price for these items have been set to cover the operating cost of providing the item. |
| E | <i>Full Cost and Partial Capital Cost Recovery</i> - The price of these items is set to recover annual operating costs and make a contribution to the cost of replacement of the infrastructure assets utilised in providing the item. |
| F | Regulatory Fees - the price charged for these items is a statutory charge set by legislation. |

Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Council applies various fees, charges and fines. The GST status of these will depend on whether there is consideration for a supply.

Where previously some fees and charges have been exempt from GST in accordance with the Federal Treasurer's Determination under Section 81-5 of the New Tax System (GST) Act 1999; from 1 July 2012 these fees and charges have been assessed under the principles based regime to determine if their GST exemption status remains.

Fees and charges subject to GST are identified by a "Yes" in the GST column of the 2015-16 Schedule of Fees and Charges.

A copy of Council's adopted Schedule of Fees and Charges is available for information at Council's Administration Centre or at Council's website www.cessnock. nsw.gov.au.

Glossary

Community Strategic Plan – The community's vision for the future of the local government area. This document has a ten-year timeframe. The original plan (*Cessnock 2020*) was adopted in October 2010. The current plan (*Cessnock 2023*) was adopted in June 2013.

Comprises:

- 1 x community vision an overarching statement of what the community desires for the local government area.
- 5 x desired outcomes the community has articulated the results that it would like to see for the local government area grouped into five major themes (of community, economy, environment, infrastructure and governance).
- 16 x objectives the community has identified 3-4 ambitions under each of the desired outcomes.
- 42 x strategic directions the community has articulated the course in which it wishes to head in order to achieve its desired outcomes. The strategic directions start with the word "Our" or "We" to demonstrate their inclusiveness – i.e. we are all a part of this.
- Community Strategic Plan measures – These measures relate to the local government area (and not the organisation).

For example: Index of Socio-Economic Advantage, education levels, etc.

This section will include a description of the measure, some context/background, the base line (i.e. what the measure is now) and the direction that is being targeted (i.e. where we want the measure to be in ten years' time). These measures will be used to assess progress in implementing the Community Strategic Plan.

Delivery Program – The Delivery Program is Cessnock City Council's contribution to the achievement of the Community Strategic Plan. Note that Council is one of many who will contribute towards the community's vision (others include: individuals, community groups, businesses, industry groups, not-for-profit groups, state & federal government and government agencies, etc.).

The Delivery Program has a four year timeframe – in line with the term of the elected Council. (A council is elected in September and must adopt a 4-year Delivery Program by the following June).

Comprises:

 Deliverables – These describe the programs, projects and services that Council will provide (during the term of the elected Council). The Deliverables start with a verb (e.g. "Commence", "Complete", "Provide", etc.) and progress against Deliverables is reported on quarterly to Council.

Deliverables are linked to the 16 Community Strategic Plan objectives or other statutory requirements that may not be included in the Community Strategic Plan.

 Delivery Program measures -These measures relate to the organisation and its outputs (as distinct with the Community Strategic Plan measures which relate to the local government area). For example: Length of cycleway constructed, Responsiveness to Customer Requests, etc.

This section includes a

description of the measure, some context/background, the base line (i.e. what the measure is now) and the target (i.e. where we want the measure to be in four years' time).

Operational Plan – The Operational Plan is the one-year slice of the four-year Delivery Program.

Comprises:

- Initiatives A task associated with a Delivery Program deliverable.
- Responsibilities The section of Council responsible for implementing the initiative.

Resourcing Strategy (4-10 year timeframe)

Comprises:

- Workforce Plan
- Asset Management Strategy
- Long-Term Financial Plan

Details the resources required to implement the Delivery Program.

Revenue Policy – Details how Council proposes to raise revenue – including the rating structure (base amount and cents in the dollar etc.), waste management charges, proposed borrowings and how it calculates fees and charges (e.g. nominal contribution, cost recovery, profit-making, etc.)

Fees and charges – Details of the fees and charges to be levied by Council during the financial year.

Budgets – Details of Council's proposed income and expenditure, and forecast financial statements.

Capital works program – Details of the new assets to be constructed and the existing assets to be upgraded or renewed.